In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS No. 23-1644V

KRISTENA RIVERA, parent and natural guardian of L.R., a minor,

Petitioner.

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SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: October 10, 2024

Paul R. Brazil, Muller Brazil, LLP, Dresher, PA, for Petitioner.

Emily Hanson, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

RULING ON ENTITLEMENT¹

On September 25, 2023, Kristena Rivera, on behalf of her minor child, L.R., filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleges that L.R. suffered from intussusception following a rotavirus vaccination received on December 1, 2022. Petition at ¶ 1. Petitioner further alleges that L.R.'s intussusception required surgery. Petition at ¶ 4. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On October 7, 2024, Respondent filed his Rule 4(c) report in which he concedes that Petitioner is entitled to compensation in this case. Respondent's Rule 4(c) Report at

¹ Because this Ruling contains a reasoned explanation for the action taken in this case, it must be made publicly accessible and will be posted on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, and/or at https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/uscourts/national/cofc, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2018) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). This means the Ruling will be available to anyone with access to the internet. In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information,

the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2018).

1. Respondent states that "Petitioner is entitled to a presumption of causation because L.R.'s intussusception meets the criteria of the Vaccine Injury Table. Specifically, L.R.'s intussusception manifested between one and twenty-one days after her receipt of the rotavirus vaccine, and there is not preponderant evidence that her condition was due to a factor unrelated to the vaccine." *Id.* at 3. Respondent further agrees that "L.R.'s intussusception resulted in inpatient hospitalization and surgical intervention." *Id.*

In view of Respondent's position and the evidence of record, I find that Petitioner is entitled to compensation.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran Brian H. Corcoran Chief Special Master